



AUSTRALIAN BAUXITE LIMITED

ASX ANNOUNCEMENT

27 May 2020

ASX: ABX

ALCORE Limited

AlF₃ for Aluminium smelters & Lithium ion batteries. Corethane: as clean as gas

5th Milestone Achieved: Alcore Produces Commercial-Grade AlF₃

- Australian Bauxite Limited (ABx)'s 89%-owned subsidiary, ALCORE Limited (Alcore) is conducting advanced laboratory production of aluminium fluoride (AlF₃) from aluminium smelters' by-product waste materials and producing AlF₃ from ABx's clean bauxite.
- Alcore has received chemical analyses from CSIRO Laboratory, Melbourne which confirm that recent AlF₃ produced by Alcore achieved commercial chemical grades. See Table 1 next page.
- This commercial-grade AlF₃ was made from 30% dross waste and 70% gibbsite mineral. A new pre-treatment method had been applied to both compounds that appears to work well.
- AlF₃ is a strategically important mineral product because it is a key ingredient in the smelting of aluminium metal and reduces the electrical power consumption per tonne of aluminium. It is also used in the new-generation rechargeable lithium ion battery industry.
- Alcore is planning to be the first domestic producer of AlF₃ so as to diversify supply for Australasian smelters and to export to other smelters world-wide.
- Alcore's method is the world's first production of AlF₃ from the recycling of smelter waste and low-grade bauxite and uses the aluminium-related parts of the CORE Technology (patent pending).
- **Alcore has now proven it can:**
 1. Make aluminium fluoride (AlF₃) of acceptable saleable grade from aluminium oxide minerals in bauxite and other aluminium-rich material that is amenable to treatment by Alcore.
 2. Make AlF₃ in a crystalline form that is needed for use in aluminium smelting
 3. Remove deleterious elements by adjusting the reagent mix and processing conditions
 4. Manufacture saleable Corethane gas-substitute by reducing ash content in coal from 28% to 0.3%, thus making an ideal, ultra-clean substitute for coke and ideal for industrial heating as a substitute for gas and diesel.
- **Milestones:** Alcore's task list includes the following:
 1. Determine the optimum reaction conditions for the extraction of iron oxides. **DONE**. This has been achieved chemically and is now focussed on filtering the iron particles from solutions.
 2. Prove that Alcore can make commercial-grade AlF₃ which involves both chemical and physical parameters. This is well advanced now that satisfactory chemical grades are being achieved. The task is to make the crystals at the right size. **UNDERWAY**
 3. Make commercial-grade AlF₃ from economically attractive waste materials. **DONE**
 4. Create commercial-grade AlF₃ for testing by prospective AlF₃ customers. **IN PROGRESS**
 5. Make high purity AlF₃ from gibbsite (Al₂O₃. 3H₂O, the main ore mineral in ABx's bauxite) that can be used in next generation batteries. This R&D work is **UNDERWAY**
 6. Making low-cost acid reagents from aluminium smelter by-products. **IN PROGRESS**
 7. Reduce ash content in Corethane to below 0.5%. **DONE**
 8. Finalise the process flow diagram and commence the engineering design work. **UNDERWAY**

Table 1:

Chemical analyses of commercial-grade AlF_3 and recent Alcore AlF_3 product analysed by CSIRO Melbourne lab

Element	Al % Aluminium	F % Fluorine	Fe_2O_3 % Iron	SiO_2 % Silica	Na_2O % Sodium	CaO % Calcium	P_2O_5 % Phosphate	MgO % Magnesia
Commercial grade AlF_3	$\text{AlF}_3 > 90\%$		0.05%	0.28%	0.60%	0.09%	0.035%	0.003%
Alcore AlF_3 product 12May'20 analysed by CSIRO	91%		0.06%	0.29%	0.33%	0.05%	0.006%	0.035%

Production of high quality Alcore AlF_3 is being repeated at the Alcore Research Centre this week.

Figure 1: Stages in the value-adding production of the above AlF_3 sample sent to CSIRO Lab for analysis



COMMERCIAL ISSUES

- AlF_3 is an essential electrolyte ingredient in aluminium smelters. Global demand for AlF_3 increases as aluminium smelter production increases and the use of AlF_3 in lithium-ion batteries increases.
- Market prices for AlF_3 are mainly **determined by the Chinese export price** set on the basis of Free-on-Board in Chinese Ports which is a published daily and monthly by Chinese Customs, like bauxite, alumina and aluminium prices are published.
- Market prices are still around the long-term average price of US\$1,200 per tonne. See Figure 2.
- Alcore plans to be the first producer of AlF_3 in the southern hemisphere, starting at the production rate of approximately 10,000 tonnes of AlF_3 per year which is a small percentage of the 1.5 million tonne global market for AlF_3 .
- Alcore's business plan is to increase production steadily by commissioning 5 of these 10,000 tonne production modules at an industrial site in Bell Bay, northern Tasmania in an industrial precinct that currently has an aluminium smelter, a manganese smelter and an aluminium powder plant all powered by hydro-power. Alcore's recycling strategy would improve the environmental credentials of Bell Bay Aluminium.
- A domestic producer of AlF_3 should increase security of supply for Aluminium smelters in Australasia and elsewhere in the southern hemisphere.
- In the last 12 months, Australasian aluminium smelters imported more than 30,000 tonnes of AlF_3 from China at an average price FOB China of US\$1,370 per tonne.
- Co-products from Alcore's production plant include **Corethane gas-substitute**, which is pure hydrocarbon powder, refined from low-value coals that can be used as a gas or diesel substitute (for fuel security in emergencies) and has emissions-reducing industrial applications. It is ideally suited for use as a sulphur-free bunker fuel for shipping under new strict emissions laws.

Governments

Discussions continue with governments, agencies and with major companies in the aluminium industry. Alcore considers AlF_3 to be a strategically important mineral product.



Figure 2:
Chinese AlF_3 Export Prices and Tonnages.
Data from Chinese Customs

Comment: ABx CEO, Ian Levy commented: “The Alcore Research Centre is a leading-edge laboratory that has enhanced the technology significantly. We have developed a low-risk plan for the first production module at Bell Bay, northern Tasmania. It is the lowest capital cost strategy and simplest design we have. It is planned to present a feasibility study to investors as soon as possible.

We call this strategy “Refine and Recycle”. See Figure 3 below.

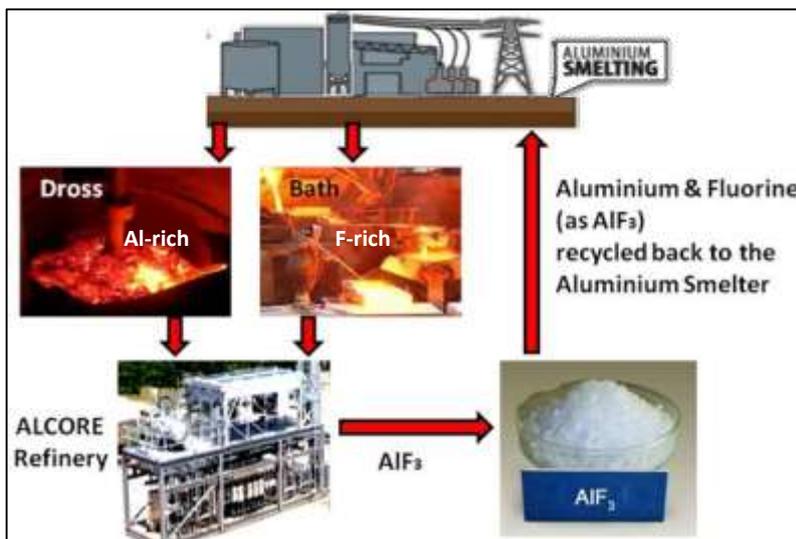


Figure 3
Summary of the Alcore “Refine & Recycle” Business Strategy

This process has the strong potential to be the simplest and lowest cost method to make AlF_3 .

It provides an economically attractive way to utilise the aluminium-rich and fluoride-rich by-products from many aluminium smelters worldwide.

Authorised for release by Ian Levy, CEO

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Figure 4
The \$2.5 million Alcore Laboratory built inside the Alcore Research Centre

The Alcore Lab is a climate-controlled laboratory constructed inside the Alcore Research Centre for the refining of alumina-rich waste materials and bauxite to produce test samples of AlF_3 and co-products.

It will later become a research centre for testing CORE technologies on many ores and materials



Figure 5: Preparation & Analytical Lab, XRF & furnaces



Figure 6: Alcore test lab, fume cabinets with hi-tech scrubbers, showers, microscopes & Draegar air monitor (wall)



Figure 7: Exterior support systems

- a) Air purification and atmosphere control
- b) Liquids processing & neutralisation plant
- c) Duplicated secure LPG gas supply
- d) Gas-fired Standby-Backup Generator

Fig. 8a Before Alcore processing

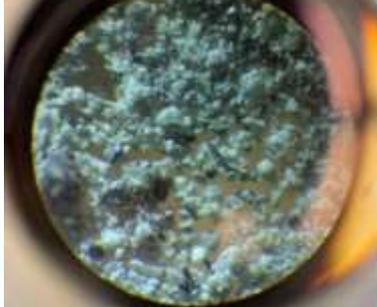


Fig. 8b After Alcore processing



Figure 8
Microscope images showing aluminium smelter by-product in raw form & processed form, refined into an AlF_3 product

The reaction took less than 5 minutes to completion, demonstrating the power of the “brew” reagents used by Alcore